



## 1.1.2.2 High Sensitivity Thermal Sensors

## 10µW to 3W

## Features

- Very low noise and drift for measurement of very low powers and energies
- PF absorber has high damage threshold for CW and pulses
- Up to 3W



3A / 3A-P / 3A-PF-12



70% of stated value 15% of stated value 5% of stated value

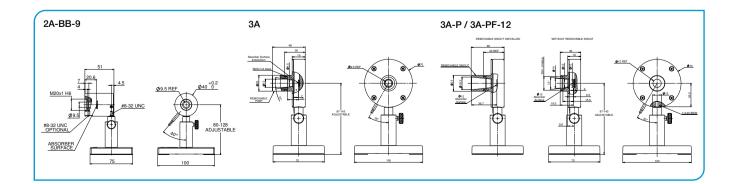
Model	2A-BB-9	3A	3A-P	3A-PF-12
Use	General purpose	General purpose	Short pulses	Short Pulses UV
Absorber Type	Low power broadband	Low power broadband	P type	PF type
Spectral Range µm	0.19 - 20	0.19 - 20	0.15 - 8	0.15 - 20
Aperture mm	Ø9.5mm	Ø9.5mm	Ø12mm	Ø12mm
Maximum Beam Divergence	NA	NA	NA	NA
Power Mode				
Power Range <sup>(a)</sup>	20µW - 2W	10µW - 3W	15µW - 3W	15µW - 3W
Power Scales	2W to 200µW	3Ŵ to 300µW	3Ŵ to 300µW	3W to 300µW
Power Noise Level	1µW	1µW	3µW	3µW
Thermal Drift (30min) <sup>(a)</sup>	5 - 20µW	5 - 20µW	5 - 30µW	5 - 30µW
Maximum Average Power Density kW/cm <sup>2</sup>	1	1	0.05	3
Response Time with Meter (0-95%) typ. s	1.8	1.8	2.5	2.5
Calibration Uncertainty ±%	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
Power Accuracy $\pm$ % <sup>(d)</sup>	3	3	3	3 (c)
Linearity with Power ±%	1	1	1	1
Energy Mode				
Energy Range	20µJ - 2J	20µJ - 2J	20µJ - 2J	20µJ - 2J
Energy Scales	2J to 200µJ	2J to 200µJ	2J to 200µJ	2J to 200µJ
Minimum Energy	20µJ	20µJ	20µJ	20µJ
Maximum Energy Density J/cm <sup>2</sup> <sup>(b)</sup>				
<100ns	0.3	0.3	1	1.5
0.5ms	1	1	1	7
2ms	2	2	1	15
10ms	4	4	1	40
Cooling	Convection	Convection	Convection	Convection
Weight kg	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Fiber Adapters Available (see page 93)	ST, FC, SMA, SC	ST, FC, SMA, SC	ST, FC, SMA, SC	ST, FC, SMA, SC
Compliance	CE, UKCA, China RoHS		CE, UKCA, China RoHS	CE, UKCA, China RoHS
Version	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	. , ,	V1	. , ,
Part number: Standard Sensor	7Z02767	7Z02621	7Z02622	7Z02720
BeamTrack Sensor: Beam Position & Size (p. 51)		7Z07934	7Z07935	
Note: (a)		Depending on room airflow and by thermally quiet room condition averaging and offset subtraction	temperature variations. Lowest n nns, using removable snout (for 3/ 1.	neasurable powers are achieved A, 3A-P, 3A-PF-12 sensors),
Note: (b) $\mbox{For} P$ and $\mbox{PF}$ types and shorter wavelengths derate maximum energy density as follows:	Wavelength 1064nm	P type Derate to value Not derated	PF type Derate to value Not derated	
	532nm	Not derated	Not derated	
	OFFining	400/ of stated using	700/ of stated value	

Note: (c)

Calibrated from 193nm to 2.2 $\mu$ m and at 10.6 $\mu$ m. There is an additional error of ±1% from 450nm to 650nm.

The 3A and 2A-BB-9 sensors have a relatively large spectral variation in absorption and has a calibrated spectral curve at all wavelengths in its spectral range to the above specified accuracy. Nova, Orion and LaserStar meters do not support this feature and when used with those meters, the accuracy will be ±3% as above for 532nm, 905nm, 1064nm and 10.6µm but there will be an additional error of up to 3% at other wavelengths in the spectral range 190 – 3000nm. Note: (d)

355nm 266nm 193nm



40% of stated value 5% of stated value 10% of stated value

